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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL
OF BASFORD



ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH

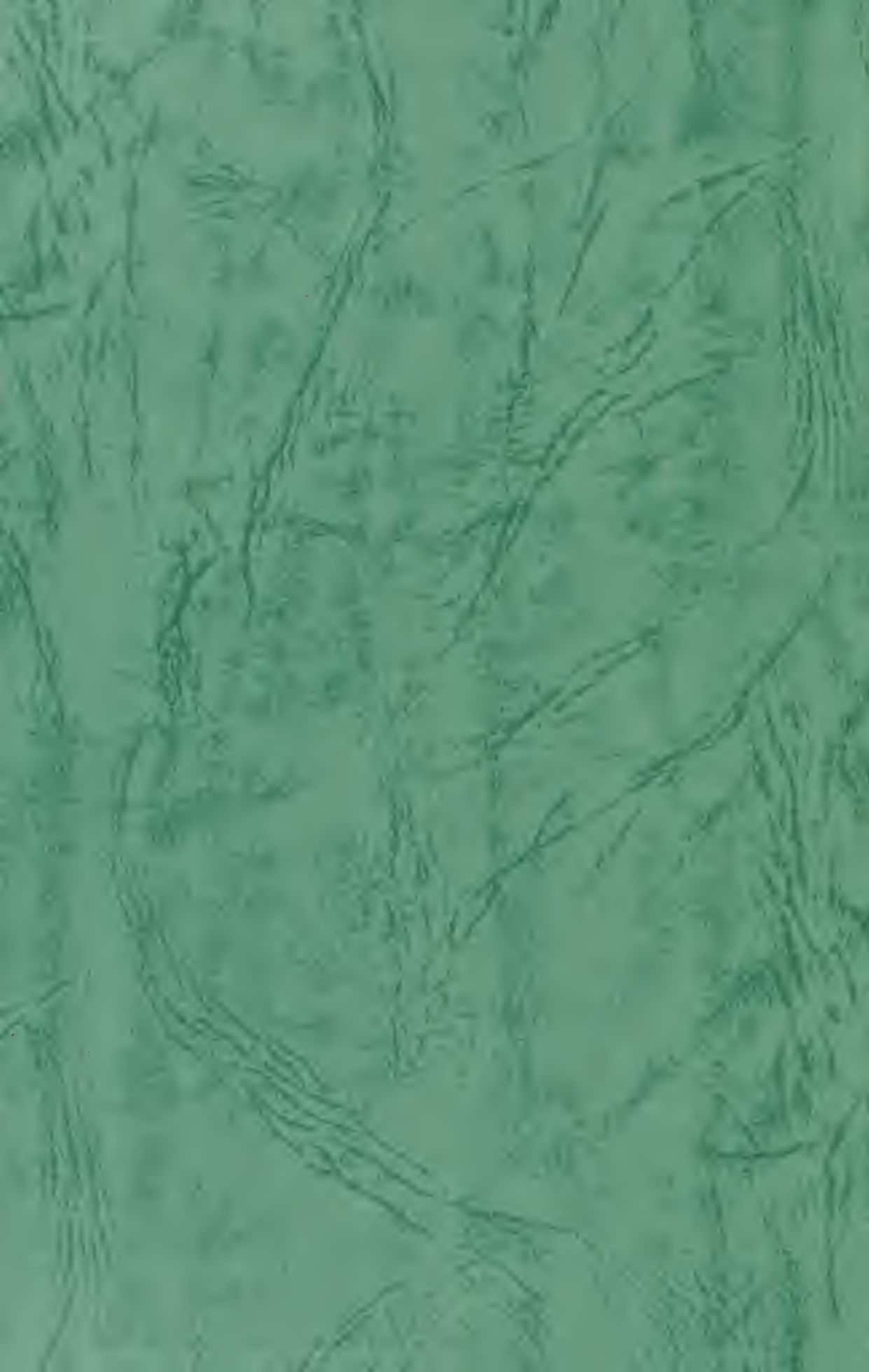
FOR THE YEAR
1957

Notes

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Including
A REPORT BY THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL
OF BASFORD

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR

1957

WILLIAM R. PERRY

M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

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RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BASFORD

YEAR 1957-1958

Chairman **H. A. IVES, Esq., J.P.**
Vice-Chairman **F. BARKER, Esq.**

<i>Parishes</i>		<i>Councillors</i>	<i>Year first elected</i>
Annesley and Felley	.. ..	Mr. K. W. Elkington	.. 1953
Awsorth	.. ..	Mr. A. B. Dunbar	.. 1956
Barton	.. ..	Rev. H. T. Pritchard	.. 1952
Bestwood Park	.. ..	*Mrs. M. K. Mayes, J.P.	.. 1947
Bradmore	.. ..	*Mr. F. W. Carnell	.. 1947
Brinsley	.. ..	*Mr. J. T. Walters	.. 1922
Bunny	.. ..	*Mr. H. A. Ives, J.P.	.. 1942
Burton Joyce	.. ..	Mr. S. M. J. Poole	.. 1953
Calverton	.. ..	Mr. R. H. Bardill	.. 1953
Cossall	.. ..	Mr. W. L. Bostock	.. 1951
Costock	.. ..	Mr. A. J. Moss	.. 1955
East Leake	.. ..	Mr. F. Godber	.. 1955
Gotham	.. ..	*Mr. C. A. Booth	.. 1948
Greasley	.. ..	Mr. W. Allton	.. 1956
		Mr. C. Metcalf	.. 1956
Kimberley	.. ..	Mr. H. Stirland	.. 1956
		*Mrs. J. Hill	.. 1946
Kingston-upon-Soar	.. ..	Mr. R. H. Woodfield	.. 1940
Lambley	.. ..	Mrs. M. O. Turnbull	.. 1954
Lynby	.. ..	Rev. L. I. Butler	.. 1949
Newstead	.. ..	*Mr. T. L. Turton	.. 1947
Normanton-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. W. Evans	.. 1934
Nuthall	.. ..	Mr. V. V. Yates	.. 1956
Papplewick	.. ..	*Mr. G. H. Noble	.. 1951
Ratcliffe-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. C. R. Osborne	.. 1955
Rempstone	.. ..	*Mr. G. Gibson	.. 1934
Ruddington	.. ..	Mr. H. Oliver	.. 1955
		*Dr. A. H. MacLaren	.. 1952
		Mrs. H. Flintoff	.. 1940
Selston	.. ..	Mr. A. Naylor	.. 1949
		*Mr. F. Barker	.. 1936
		Mr. A. E. Kirk	.. 1951
Stanford-upon-Soar	.. ..	*Mr. C. A. Stanger	.. 1955
Stoke Bardolph	.. ..	Mr. A. R. Stone	.. 1941
Strelley	.. ..	Mr. J. W. Blant	.. 1956
Sutton Bonington	.. ..	Mr. C. V. Barrowcliff	.. 1955
Thrumpton	.. ..	*Mr. A. Small	.. 1946
Trowell	.. ..	Mr. J. A. Else	.. 1956
West Leake	.. ..	Mr. R. T. Payne	.. 1949
Willoughby-on-the-Wolds	.. ..	*Mr. T. Evans	.. 1951
Woodborough	.. ..	*Mr. A. E. Foster, J.P.	.. 1933
Wysall and Thorpe-in-the-Glebe	.. ..	*Mr. E. M. Trafford	.. 1949

**Members of the Health Committee:*

Chairman of the Health Committee .. **Mr. C. A. Booth**
Vice Chairman **Mr. G. H. NOBLE**

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL OF BASFORD

Medical Officer of Health	..	WILLIAM R. PERRY, M.B., B.S., D.P.H.
Chief Public Health Inspector, Cleansing Superintendent and Petroleum Inspector	.. ..	C. R. LANGDON, M.A.P.H.I., M.I.P.C. (a), (b), (c), (f), (g), (h),
District Public Health Inspectors, Cleansing Superintendents and Petroleum Inspectors :		
No. 1 District	.. ..	A. C. E. PALMER, M.A.P.H.I., (a), (b), (f).
No. 2 District	.. ..	R. POTTS, M.A.P.H.I., (a), (b).
No. 3 District	.. ..	H. H. JOHNSON, M.A.P.H.I., (a), (b), (d), (e).
Senior Health Clerk	.. ..	Mrs. J. D. WITHERS.
Shorthand Typist	.. ..	Miss P. LEE.
Clerk	.. ..	Miss K. GOODWIN (appointed September)
Rodent Officer	.. ..	J. L. SPRAY.

- (a) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health and Public Health Inspectors
Joint Examination Board.
- (b) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for Meat Inspectors.
- (c) Testamur of the Institute of Public Cleansing.
- (d) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for Food Hygiene.
- (e) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health for General Hygiene and Sanitation.
- (f) Certificate of the Royal Society of Health in Sanitary Science as applied to
Buildings and Public Works.
- (g) Associate Member Certificate—Institute of Public Health Engineers.
- (h) Diploma, Hons., Advanced General Hygiene Examination Royal Society of
Public Health and Hygiene.

ANNUAL REPORT

to the Rural District Council of Basford

*Health Department,
Rock House,
Stockhill Lane,
Basford,
Nottingham.*

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present to you my Ninth Annual Report on the health and sanitary circumstances of your District for the year 1957.

It is an ordinary Report written to conform to the requirements of the Ministry of Health.

There were 992 births during the year and 500 deaths; the estimated mid-year population of the District was 54,490, an increase of 1,120 over the 1956 population.

These figures reveal that the population of the District is continuing to increase, not only as a result of immigration but also due to an excess of births over deaths. It is worthy of note that the Birth Rate this year is the highest for 10 years.

The Infantile Mortality Rate at 26.21 is higher than the comparable figure for England and Wales. An examination of the Basford Annual Rates over the last 20 years gives a picture of a steadily falling Infant Mortality: whilst in the last three years there has been a marked up and down swing. The significance, if any, of this irregularity in the Rate is not immediately clear.

Again this year there were two infant deaths recorded by the Coroner as being due to suffocation.

Research work is being carried out on this subject to establish whether some of these sudden deaths of infants are due perhaps to natural causes, but in any event it is clearly proper to state, as I did last year, that infants should sleep in their own cots without soft pillows.

Furthermore, a baby should not have a feeding bottle propped in its mouth whilst lying in a pram or cot, and then be left to feed itself. Bottle feeding should be done with the infant snuggled on the mother's lap, so that the flow of milk from the bottle can be controlled to avoid choking the infant.

There were 1,174 notifications of infectious disease during the year; the increase over last year being due in the main to the customary outbreak of measles. There were 7 cases of paralytic poliomyelitis, none of whom had received poliomyelitis vaccination.

During 1957 limited supplies of British manufactured Polio-myelitis vaccine were made available for use in the district, and a refrigerator was provided by the County Council for storage of the vaccine. Later in the year it was decided to extend the offer of vaccination to all children from 6 months to 15 years of age, together with certain adult priority groups. To ensure sufficient vaccine to carry out this programme the Ministry made arrangements to import vaccine from the U.S.A. and Canada.

An Influenza epidemic originating in the Far East swept through Asia, India and Europe, and descended upon this country in the late summer. Its arrival had been forecast by the World Health Organisation, and limited supplies of vaccine had been prepared by the Ministry to be distributed by the Medical Officer of Health to General Practitioners and certain members of the Health Authority's staff.

The vaccine was first made available in this area in October, whereas the earliest cases of "Asian Flu" occurred in the northern part of the Rural District at the beginning of September. All age groups were susceptible, and often whole families were afflicted. The absentee rate in the schools varied between 25%—45%. Consideration was given to closure of the schools, but this was rejected as it seemed to offer no means of halting the spread of the virus. The fatality rate was small, partly because of the moderate severity of the illness, and also because of the beneficial effects of antibiotic drugs.

During the year your Chief Public Health Inspector, Mr. C. R. Langdon, has assembled all the necessary plans and certificates for Clearance Areas, so that I have been able to submit them to the Council in accordance with the schedule of the Slum Clearance programme.

This is only part of the task ; new houses have to be built to rehouse the displaced tenants. Every effort must be made to reduce the time lag between the property being condemned and the tenant being rehoused.

It is my pleasure to record that all members of the Health Department have worked willingly and well throughout the year.

The mounting volume of duties arising from new legislation necessitated the employment of an additional clerk in the last quarter of the year.

I wish to thank the Chairman of the Health Committee for his help and understanding ; I also thank the Clerk and the other Officers of the Council for their valued assistance and co-operation.

I have the honour to be, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM R. PERRY,

Medical Officer of Health.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

MR. CHAIRMAN, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

It is with pleasure that I submit for your consideration this Report of my second year as your Chief Public Health Inspector.

The year 1957 was like its predecessor, one of increasing duties and responsibilities due mainly to new legislation.

Food. (1) *Meat Inspection*.—In order to maintain a high standard of inspection of carcasses, considerable work outside normal office hours has again been required of your meat inspectors.

A further reduction has occurred in the percentage of cattle and cows slaughtered which have been found to be affected with Tuberculosis.

The quality of beasts killed has shown a marked improvement over those of the previous year i.e. in 1956 cows slaughtered were 37·3% of the total bovines killed, whilst in 1957 this percentage had fallen to 27·3%.

There was also a considerable increase in the total number of animals slaughtered i.e. 1956 total 7,586 whilst in 1957 it had risen to 9,144 chiefly due to the increase in pig slaughtering.

A number of the slaughterhouses still lack a separate hanging room for dressed carcasses and offal. Carcasses are easily fouled if left in the slaughter-hall during subsequent killing.

(2) *Food Hygiene Regulations*.—Progress in completing the survey of all food premises has been slow but thorough.

An increase in the number of ice cream samples taken over a wider field of suppliers in the district shows a drop from 86% in Grade I for 1956 to 71% in Grade I for 1957.

Insufficient care in sterilising equipment and incorrect settings of shop refrigerators have been contributory factors.

It is obvious that the increased attention to this section will have to be maintained.

Housing.—Progress was made in implementing the Slum Clearance Programme and at the end of the year a further 44 properties (in 11 areas) had been considered as unfit. Three enquiries were held into objections to the Council's proposals and subsequently all the orders were confirmed with one modification.

The Rent Act which came into operation in July has necessitated considerable work for your Inspectors from providing members of the public with necessary information regarding procedure, to the subsequent inspections of property. Unfortunately it has been found in a number of instances that undertakings given by owners to carry out repairs have not been kept—due in some instances to the increased pressure of work which the Act has made on local property repairers.

On many inspections following applications for Certificates of Disrepair it was found that some of the most important housing defects had been omitted.

It is, of course, impossible to insert additional defects in the Certificate of Disrepair when not originally included in Form G.

Cleansing. Staff.—The time lost through sickness and absenteeism, although high, is still less than that of previous years. Despite the fact that the population has again increased there has once more been no increase in the total staff of the Department.

Tips.—The policy of reducing the number of unsatisfactory tips has meant the closing down of the Moor Road, Bestwood Site. Refuse from this area is taken under agreement with the Nottingham Corporation to their Bulwell Tip.

Maintenance.—Servicing and repair work has continued to be carried out by your own staff at the Kimberley Depot and no new vehicles were purchased. Your present fleet consists of twelve refuse collection vehicles, two cesspool-emptiers, one water tanker and a mechanical shovel.

Depots.—Plans have been approved for a new Depot at Underwood which it is hoped to commence building early in 1958. When completed, for the first time all your vehicles will be able to be garaged under cover and proper welfare facilities provided for the workmen.

Salvage.—The price obtainable for salvaged waste paper has continued to fall and unfortunately disposal has become increasingly difficult for most materials.

Conclusion.—I must pay tribute to the loyalty and support I have received from the staff of the Department without which the additional duties could not have been successfully undertaken and at the same time to record my deep appreciation of the encouragement and advice always available from the Medical Officer of Health.

Finally, I have to thank the Chairman and Members of the Council for their support and the Clerk and other Officials for their co-operation.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

C. R. LANGDON,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

During the year, the area remained as constituted on 1st April, 1935, when the Nottinghamshire County Review Order, 1934, came into force, with the exception of the parish of Clifton-cum-Glapton, which was transferred on 1st April, 1952, from the Rural District of Basford to the City of Nottingham, under the Nottingham City and County Boundaries Act, 1951.

Area	..	..	..	..	69,823 acres
Population (Census, 1951) (including Parish of Clifton)	..	..	..	..	50,302
Population (Estimated by Registrar-General, 30th June, 1957)	..	..	..	..	54,490
Number of Inhabited Houses (approximately)	..	..	..	..	18,240
Rateable Value (1st January, 1957)	..	..	..	..	£509,375
(31st December, 1957)	..	..	..	..	£540,438
Product of Penny Rate (31st March, 1957)	..	£2,151	15s.	10d.	

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1957

Births

<i>Live Births</i>		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	..	476	485	961
Illegitimate	..	17	14	31
		<u>493</u>	<u>499</u>	<u>992</u>
		==	==	==

Crude Birth Rate per 1,000 population .. 18.21

<i>Still Births</i>		<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
Legitimate	..	6	7	13
Illegitimate	..	—	—	—
		<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>13</u>
		==	==	==

Still-birth Rate per 1,000 population .. 0.24

Still-birth Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births 12.93

Deaths

<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
267	233	500

Crude Death Rate per 1,000 population .. 9.18

Natural increase of population (excess of births over deaths) .. 492

By applying the Area Comparability Factor, as supplied by the Registrar-General, to the Crude Birth and Death Rates, the following Adjusted Rates are obtained :—

Birth Comparability Factor—1.00 ; Adjusted Birth Rate —18.21
Death Comparability Factor—1.17 ; Adjusted Death Rate —10.74

INFANT MORTALITY

Deaths of Infants under One year of age

<i>Age in Weeks</i>	<i>Legitimate</i>		<i>Illegitimate</i>		<i>Totals</i>
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	
0-4	13	6	—	—	19
5-52	3	4	—	—	7
Totals	16	10	—	—	26

Infant Mortality Rates (*i.e.*, Deaths of Infants under one year per 1,000 live births) :—

Legitimate only 26·21

Illegitimate only Nil

General 26·21

The corresponding general rate for England
and Wales is 23·00

INFANT MORTALITY RATE

As shown in the Table above there were twenty-six infant deaths giving an Infant Mortality Rate of 26·21, compared with a Rate of 23·00 for England and Wales.

In the last three years there have been marked variations in the Rate, more noticeable than over the preceding decade.

STILL-BIRTH RATE

The annual variations of the Still-Birth Rates in the District are shown in the following table :—

<i>Year</i>	<i>Rate per 1,000 population</i>	<i>Rate per 1,000 Total births (Live and Still)</i>	
	<i>Basford</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>England and Wales</i>
1947	0·59	27·78	24·1
1948	0·50	29·52	23·2
1949	0·51	29·52	22·7
1950	0·34	20·07	22·7
1951	0·44	26·54	23·0
1952	0·38	23·69	23·0
1953	0·43	27·60	22·5
1954	0·46	28·54	24·0
1955	0·27	16·81	23·1
1956	0·52	32·44	23·0
1957	0·24	12·93	22·4

DEATHS FROM CERTAIN SELECTED CAUSES

		<i>Number of Deaths</i>				<i>Annual Death Rate per 1,000 population</i>	
		<i>Males</i>		<i>Females</i>	<i>Total</i>		
Heart Diseases	..	81	..	78	..	159	.. 2.90
Cancer	.. ..	36	..	45	..	81	.. 1.48
Nervous Disorders	..	40	..	35	..	75	.. 1.38
Bronchitis	.. ..	12	..	12	..	24	.. 0.44
Violence	.. ..	17	..	5	..	22	.. 0.40
Pneumonia	..	12	..	11	..	23	.. 0.42
Tuberculosis	..	1	..	3	..	4	.. 0.07
Infectious Diseases	..	1	..	2	..	3	.. 0.06
Influenza	.. ..	4	..	3	..	7	.. 0.13

Table showing the annual variations of the Birth and Death Rates for the Basford District and the comparative rates for England and Wales :—

<i>Year</i>	Birth Rate		Death Rate		Infant. Mort. Rate	
	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>	<i>Basford</i>	<i>E. and W.</i>
1940	15.24	14.6	12.04	14.3	50.43	55.
1941	16.53	14.2	11.73	12.9	50.13	59.
1942	18.84	15.8	10.66	11.6	50.69	49.
1943	19.21	16.5	11.36	12.1	49.64	49.
1944	20.99	17.6	11.68	11.6	42.39	46.
<i>5-year Average</i>	18.16	15.74	11.49	12.5	48.66	51.6
1945	20.15	16.1	11.15	11.4	30.44	46.
1946	20.45	19.1	10.63	11.5	36.04	43.
1947	20.54	20.5	11.11	12.0	29.63	41.
1948	16.53	17.9	9.37	10.8	31.68	34.
1949	16.88	16.7	10.82	11.7	29.20	32.
<i>5-year Average</i>	18.91	18.06	10.62	11.48	31.60	39.2
1950	17.00	15.8	10.16	17.6	31.33	29.8
1951	16.29	15.5	11.93	13.4	21.07	29.6
1952	16.09	15.3	10.15	11.3	21.71	27.6
1953	15.60	15.5	10.40	11.4	24.52	26.8
1954	15.90	15.2	10.49	11.3	23.28	25.2
<i>5-year Average</i>	16.17	15.47	10.63	13.0	24.38	27.8
1955	16.00	15.00	10.57	11.7	40.82	24.9
1956	5.80	15.70	11.84	11.7	20.36	23.8
1957	18.21	16.10	10.74	11.50	26.21	23.00

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

A list giving their names and duties appears on page 5 of this report.

HOSPITAL SERVICE

Application for admission to general hospitals is made direct to the hospital through a doctor or other responsible person. Cases of tuberculosis requiring admission to sanatoria are referred to the Chest Physician, Nottingham and District Chest Centre, Gregory Boulevard, Nottingham. (Telephone No. Nottingham 77884).

Cases of infectious disease requiring admission to an isolation hospital are first referred to the District Medical Officer of Health for decision regarding the necessity for admission to hospital. All admissions and discharges of infectious disease cases are notified to the District Medical Officer.

Maternity cases requiring hospital confinement are normally referred to the hospital by the doctor at the Ante-Natal Clinic or by a general practitioner.

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Under the National Health Service Act, 1946, samples and specimens for analysis are sent to the Public Health Laboratory, 63 Goldsmith Street, Nottingham. (Telephone No. Nottingham 46436)

CARE OF MOTHERS AND YOUNG CHILDREN (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 22*)

Details of the Ante-Natal Clinics and Child Welfare Centres run by the Nottinghamshire County Council in the Basford Rural District are given on pages 19 and 20.

MIDWIFERY (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 23*)

No. of Midwives practising and residing in the Basford Rural District during 1957	..	..	..	17
No. practising in but residing outside the Basford Rural District	..	..	..	11
No. holding certificate of proficiency in administration of Gas and Air Analgesia	..	..	..	27
No. completed training in administration of Gas and Air Analgesia but not yet passed examination	..	..	..	1

Gas and Air Analgesia during child-birth is available to all persons residing in the Rural District of Basford.

It is very important that an expectant mother should book her midwife (and her doctor if she so desires) very early in her pregnancy. Names and addresses of midwives can be obtained from the Notts. County Council, Shire Hall, Nottingham.

HEALTH VISITING (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 24*)

There are twelve Health Visitors employed on Maternity and Child Welfare work by the Nottinghamshire County Council in the Rural District of Basford. Five of these are resident within the area. The services of a health Visitor may be secured by calling at the nearest Child Welfare Centre.

HOME NURSING (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 25*)

At the end of the year there were twenty-three nurses on the Home Nursing Service who work in the Rural District of Basford. Of these, fourteen reside within the area.

The service is free and a District Nurse will always do her best to answer an emergency call without waiting for formalities to be completed. In non-emergency cases, the Nurse will attend at the request of the general practitioner.

VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 26*)

Vaccination against smallpox and immunisation against diphtheria and whooping cough are available to all children in the district and can be carried out at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centres or by general practitioners. Visits to schools are made periodically by the Medical Officer of Health for the purpose of giving re-inforcing or "Booster" injections or for carrying out primary treatment.

Details of prophylactic treatment carried out during 1957 are as follows :—

Vaccination against Smallpox

	<i>Aged under 1 year</i>	<i>Aged 1 year</i>	<i>Aged 2-4 years</i>	<i>Aged 5-15 years</i>	<i>Aged over 15 years</i>	<i>Total</i>
Primary Treatment ..	300	32	23	22	26	403
Re-vaccination ..	—	—	—	—	8	8

Of these totals, 193 persons were vaccinated or re-vaccinated by private practitioners.

Immunisation against Diphtheria and Whooping Cough
(including Diphtheria imm. only).

<i>Age at time of treatment</i>	<i>Number of Children who received</i>	
	<i>full course of 2 or 3 injections</i>	<i>re-inforcing or "Booster" injection</i>
Under 1 year	552	—
1 year ..	89	1
2 years ..	24	1
3 years ..	10	—
4 years ..	19	27
5-9 years ..	99	456
10-14 years ..	18	5
TOTALS ..	811	490

Total number of children treated by Private Practitioners
(all ages) included in these figures 390

Total attendances at Child Welfare Clinics for Immunisation.. 911

POLIOMYELITIS VACCINATION

During the year the Government took action to import Canadian and American Salk Vaccine in order to offer vaccination to all children under fifteen years and to expectant mothers. This course was adopted following an outbreak of Poliomyelitis in a Midland City which attracted overwhelming publicity in the Newspapers and in Parliament. Supplies of British Vaccine were small and production could not quickly be increased to meet this sudden demand. By the end of 1957 only 315 persons in the District had been vaccinated, but preparations had been made to embark on a very heavy vaccination programme during 1958.

AMBULANCE SERVICES (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 27*)

The Nottinghamshire County Council are responsible for the Ambulance Services for the whole administrative County area. The service is free and all urgent calls for accident, sudden illness or maternity are answered without question. Non-urgent calls, such as for routine hospital attendance, are only accepted if supported by a recommendation from the Medical Officer of Health, hospital doctor, private practitioner, nurse, midwife, dentist or other responsible person.

PREVENTION OF ILLNESS, CARE AND AFTER-CARE (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 28*)

Facilities provided by the Nottinghamshire County Council, as the Local Health Authority under Part III of the Act, for the prevention of illness, care and after-care are summarised below.

Tuberculosis

By arrangement with the County Council, the Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis carry out valuable social work, designed not only to facilitate the patient's recovery by solving the special problems of the tuberculous household, but also to influence the domestic and working environment so as to minimise the chances of relapse and to protect family contacts.

These arrangements now include a scheme for the provision of domiciliary occupational therapy for patients unable to follow their normal employment.

The County Council organise domiciliary visits by trained Health Visitors, provide for the loan of shelters to appropriate cases and arrange rehabilitation at the Sherwood Village Settlement.

B.C.G. vaccination of contacts against tuberculosis is also available through the Chest Physician, employed jointly by the County Council and Regional Hospital Board.

Other Types of Illness

- (a) Almoner Service to help and advise on all social problems (including general care and after-care), convalescence and admission to hospital of chronic sick and senile patients.
- (b) Loan of nursing equipment and appliances to patients being nursed at home,

- (c) Convalescence (not involving active medical treatment)—on the recommendation of a general practitioner and subject to contribution by applicants towards the cost involved according to their financial circumstances.
- (d) Infectious Diseases—routine visits by Health Visitors to advise and assist in the prevention of spread of infection.
- (e) Venereal Diseases—follow-up work by Almoners.
- (f) Health Education, including courses of instruction, special lectures to established organisations (including the use of films and film-strips) and the issue of pamphlets, brochures and posters.

HOME HELP SERVICE (*National Health Service Act, 1946—Section 29*)

Home Helps are provided by the County Council and are available throughout the area where the need arises in a household, owing to the presence of any person who is ill, lying-in, an expectant mother, mentally defective, aged or a child not over compulsory school age.

In maternity cases, a Home Help attends daily for two weeks from the birth of the baby, excluding Saturday afternoon and Sunday, and her duties include the ordinary domestic work such as cleaning, cooking, washing, care of children, mending and shopping.

In general cases of sickness, or when assisting in the households of old or infirm people, Home Helps undertake such of the above duties as may be necessary. Part-time help can be arranged.

The charge for the service is 3s. 3d. per hour, but where the applicant is unable to afford this amount, the County Council's Scale of Assistance is applied.

The District office addresses, together with the districts covered, are shown below :—

<i>Urban District</i>	<i>District Office Address</i>	<i>Parishes covered</i>
Arnold and Carlton ..	Home Help Service, Park House, 61, Burton Road, Carlton Telephone Carlton 24-7151	Burton Joyce Calverton Lambley Stoke Bardolph Woodborough
Beeston and Stapleford	Home Help Service, Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, Dovecote Lane, Beeston Telephone Beeston 25-6603	Strelley Trowell
Eastwood and Hucknall	Home Help Service, 66 High Street, Hucknall — Telephone Hucknall 93	Awsworth Bestwood Park Brinsley Cossall Greasley Kimberley Lynby Nuthall Papplewick

<i>Urban District</i>	<i>District Office Address</i>	<i>Parishes covered</i>
Kirkby-in-Ashfield and Sutton-in-Ashfield	Home Help Service, 4, Outram Street, Sutton-in-Ashfield— Telephone Sutton-in-Ashfield 316	Annesley Felley Newstead Selston
West Bridgford ..	Home Help Service, County Hall, Trent Bridge, Notting- ham—Telephone Nottingham 88621 and 88631	All Parishes South of River Trent

WELFARE FOODS SERVICE

The distribution of the National Welfare Foods (National Dried Milk, Cod Liver Oil, Vitamins A and D Tablets and Orange Juice), by the County Council, has continued unchanged throughout the year.

Entitlement Documents for these welfare foods are issued by local offices of the Ministry of Pensions and National Insurance.

There are 134 Centres established throughout the County area, of which number 25 are located in the Basford Rural District. Further details of these Centres are given in the following table :—

Welfare Foods Distribution Centres

(In addition to the Voluntary Distribution Centres indicated, it should be noted that voluntary workers also assist at some of the County Council Distribution Centres.)

<i>Address of Distribution Centre.</i>	<i>County Council (C.C.) or Voluntary (Vol.)</i>	<i>Days on which open.</i>	<i>Times during which open.</i>
NORTH OF TRENT			
Methodist Chapel, Awsorth.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Methodist Chapel, Beauvale.	.. C.C.	.. Friday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Sports Pavilion, Bestwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
North Midland District Army . Headquarters, Bestwood Lodge.	Vol.	.. Alternate Tuesdays	.. 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Post Office, Brinsley (Old)	.. Vol. ..	.. Daily except Wednesday p.m.	.. Business hours. ..
Village Institute, Brinsley	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Tuesdays	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. ..
Methodist Chapel, Burton Joyce.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

<i>Address of Distribution Centre</i>	<i>County Council or Voluntary</i>	<i>Days on which open</i>	<i>Times during which open</i>
The Institute, Calverton.	.. C.C.	.. Wednesday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parish Hall, Kimberley.	.. C.C.	.. Monday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Old Church Schoolroom, Lambley.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Old Institute, Newstead.	.. C.C.	.. Tuesday	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Church Hall, Nuthall.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon
The Institute, Papplewick.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Congregational Chapel, Selston.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parish Hall, Trowell.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
The Institute, Underwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Miners' Welfare Institute, Westwood.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Parochial Hall, Woodborough.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Wednesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

SOUTH OF TRENT

The Vicarage, Barton-in-Fabis	Vol.	.. Daily	.. Normal Hours
The Almshouses, Bunny.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Church Schoolroom, East Leake.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Thursdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Gotham.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Tuesdays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Ruddington.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Sutton Bonington.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Fridays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.
Village Hall, Willoughby-on-the-Wolds.	.. C.C.	.. Alternate Mondays.	.. 2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ACT, 1951

Part VII—Establishments for Massage or Special Treatment

Part VII of this Act came into force on 5th February, 1952, in the Basford Rural District and the powers and duties applicable to this section have been delegated to the Rural District Council of Basford.

At the end of the year, there was one licensed establishment in the District for massage or special treatment, at 197 Nottingham Road, Nuthall.

Ante-Natal Clinics in the Basford Rural District

Times of Sessions—Morning 9.30-12 noon ; Afternoon 2-4.30 p.m.

<i>Clinic</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Sessions</i>	<i>Day and Time</i>
Awsworth ..	Methodist Church School	Fortnightly	Thursday .. a.m.
Beauvale ..	Methodist Church ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. a.m.
*Bestwood Park ..	Sports Pavilion ..	Monthly	Monday .. p.m.
*Brinsley ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. p.m.
*Calverton ..	The Institute ..	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.
East Leake ..	Church Schoolroom ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. a.m.
*Gotham ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Tuesday .. p.m.
Kimberley ..	Parish Hall ..	Weekly	Thursday .. a.m.
Newstead ..	Old Institute, Old Village	Fortnightly	Monday .. a.m.
*Papplewick ..	Papplewick and Lynby Institute	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.
Ruddington ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. a.m.
Selston ..	Congregational Chapel ..	Fortnightly	Saturday .. a.m.
*Sutton Bonington ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Friday .. p.m.
*Trowell ..	Parish Hall ..	Monthly	Thursday .. p.m.
Underwood ..	Bagthorpe and Underwood Institute	Monthly	Friday .. p.m.
Westwood ..	Miners' Welfare Institute	Fortnightly	Wednesday .. p.m.
*Willoughby-on-the-Wolds ..	Village Hall ..	Monthly	Monday .. p.m.
*Woodborough ..	Parochial Hall ..	Monthly	Wednesday .. p.m.

* Ante-Natal cases are seen at these Centres at the Medical Officer's session of the Child Welfare Clinic.

Child Welfare Centres in the Basford Rural District

Times of Sessions—Morning 9.30-12 noon ; Afternoon 2-4.30 p.m.

<i>Clinic</i>	<i>Address</i>	<i>Session</i>	<i>Day and Time</i>	<i>Medical Officer in attendance</i>
Awsworth ..	Methodist Church School	Fortnightly	Wednesday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Beauvale ..	Methodist Church ..	Weekly	Friday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Bestwood Park ..	Sports Pavilion ..	Fortnightly	Monday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Brinsley ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. p.m.	Every Session
Bunny ..	The Almshouses ..	Fortnightly	Monday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Burton Joyce ..	Methodist Church Schoolroom	Fortnightly	Monday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Calverton ..	The Institute ..	Weekly	Wednesday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
East Leake ..	Church Schoolroom ..	Fortnightly	Thursday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Gotham ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Kimberley ..	Parish Hall ..	Weekly	Monday .. a.m.	Alternate Sessions
Lambley ..	Old Church Schoolroom	Fortnightly	Thursday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Newstead ..	Old Institute, Old Village	Weekly	Tuesday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Nuthall ..	Church Hall ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday a.m.	Alternate Sessions
Papplewick ..	Papplewick and Lynby Institute	Fortnightly	Wednesday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Ruddington ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Monday .. p.m.	Every Session
Selston ..	Congregational Chapel	Fortnightly	Thursday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Sutton Bonington ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Friday .. p.m.	Every Session
Trowell ..	Parish Hall ..	Fortnightly	Thursday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Underwood ..	Bagthorpe and Underwood Institute	Fortnightly	Wednesday p.m.	Every Session
Westwood ..	Miners' Welfare Institute	Fortnightly	Thursday p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Willoughby-on-the-Wolds ..	Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Monday .. p.m.	Alternate Sessions
Woodborough ..	Parochial Hall ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday p.m.	Alternate Sessions

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

Welfare Districts covering the area of the Basford Rural District

Parishes

Annesley
Bestwood
Brinsley
Felley
Greasley
Lynby
Newstead
Papplewick
Selston

District Welfare Officer

Mr. G. H. Long

Office Addresses: 66-68 High Street, Hucknall (Telephone No. Hucknall 93); 12, Derby Road, Eastwood (Telephone No. Langley Mill 3258); *Home Address:* 35, Grosvenor Road, Eastwood (Telephone No. Langley Mill 2442).

Awsworth
Cossall
Kimberley
Nuthall
Strelley
Trowell

Mr. G. W. Adams

Office Address: New Crown Buildings, Station Road, Beeston (Telephone No. Nottingham 25-4014); *Home Address:* 47 Riverdale Road, Attenborough, Beeston. (Telephone No. Beeston 25-5352)

Burton Joyce
Calverton
Lambley
Stoke Bardolph
Woodborough

Mr. R. R. Wilcockson

Office Address: 1a Plains Road, Mapperley, Nottm. (Telephone No. Nottingham 66687); *Home Address:* 6, Park Road, Hucknall (Telephone No. Hucknall 173).

All Parishes South of the
River Trent

Mr. G. S. Exley

Office Address: The Hall, West Bridgford, Nottingham (Telephone No. Nottingham 89651); *Home Address:* 154, Melton Road, West Bridgford (Telephone No. Nottingham 23-2099).

Homes for the Aged

The National Assistance Act, 1948, placed a duty and responsibility on County and County Borough Councils to provide residential accommodation for persons who, by reason of old age, infirmity or other circumstances are in need of care and attention which is not otherwise available to them.

For this purpose the Nottinghamshire County Council maintains three residential establishments which have been modernised and re-equipped, and has provided eleven new houses, all of which are now occupied to capacity. Details of the accommodation are as follows :—

Residential Establishments:

1. "Stanhope House," Nottingham Road, Bingham—32 men and 32 women.
2. "Hillcrest," Leverton Road, Retford—56 men and 56 women.
3. "Greet House," Upton Road, Southwell—32 men and 48 women.

Homes:

1. The Old Hall, Balderton—18 men and women.
2. Clayworth Hall, near Retford—20 men and women.
3. Gedling Manor, Carlton—32 men and women.
4. Kirklands, Kirkby-in-Ashfield—38 men and women.
5. Beech Hill, Mansfield—19 men and women.
6. Mount Vernon, Retford—21 women.
7. Oaklands, Retford—18 men and women.
8. South Manor, Ruddington—36 men and women.
9. The Old Vicarage, Southwell—19 men and women.
10. South Muskham Prebend, Southwell—28 men and women.
11. Parkside, Worksop—27 men and women.

A further Home to accommodate 38 persons is now in course of erection at Beeston.

The homes are provided for elderly persons of both sexes, including married couples, who, on account of advancing years or infirmity, are no longer able to look after themselves in their own homes and have no-one able and willing to look after and care for them. They are not intended for sick persons who need constant medical attention or nursing care, but residents suffering from minor ailments are looked after as in ordinary households.

A maximum charge of £5 10s. 10d. per week is made at present, but residents who cannot afford to pay this amount are required to pay only what they can afford. For example, a resident whose only income is a retirement pension, an old-age pension or a National Assistance Board Allowance, keeps 10/-d. per week for personal spending.

Short Stay Accommodation

Facilities are available at an annexe to one of the Homes at Southwell for the accommodation for short periods of aged people normally receiving care and attention from relatives to enable such relatives to have a holiday or otherwise to have a short period of relief from their responsibilities.

Welfare Services for the Physically Handicapped

In addition to certain welfare services made available for blind and partially sighted persons through the agency of the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind, Nottingham, the County Council provides a comprehensive advisory service for persons permanently and substantially handicapped by other forms of physical disability, to ensure that their needs are met, as far as is practicable, by the appropriate statutory or voluntary provision; and special services are available for them through the County Welfare Department.

An Occupational Service, designed to provide minor outwork and handicrafts for handicapped persons in their homes or at centres staffed by qualified occupational therapists, has been established by

the County Council and operates throughout the County. The County Council has also a scheme whereby a few sighted disabled persons may be trained and employed in sheltered conditions in the Royal Midland Institution for the Blind.

Adaptations are carried out at the homes of crippled people, or fixtures provided, to enable them to be as independent as possible. Limited assistance is now available in connection with holidays.

A special Welfare Officer for the Deaf has been appointed to help the deaf and dumb and the hard of hearing throughout the County. He is available to act as interpreter whenever such assistance is required and works in liaison with the Secretary/Superintendent of the Nottingham Institution for the deaf.

Removal to Suitable Premises of Persons in Need of Care and Attention (*Section 47*)

No legal action was taken under this section of the National Assistance Act, 1948. Voluntary admissions to hospital are arranged by the Medical Officer of Health for aged persons who are chronic sick or in need of care and attention where it is considered they can be better looked after away from home.

Burial or Cremation of the Dead (*Section 50*).

The Council made arrangements for the burial of one person during the year under this section of the Act.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

The Council has authorised the Medical Officer of Health to make applications under this Act to a Court of Summary Jurisdiction or to a single Justice of the Peace for an order for the urgent removal of certain persons from the premises in which they are residing to a hospital or other place, instead of such application being made by the Council.

One application for a Magistrate's Order under this section was made in 1957 by the Medical Officer of Health.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925, Section 66 and PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936, Section 176

Prevention of Blindness

No action was taken during the year under the above sections.

CHILDREN ACT, 1948

CHILDREN AND YOUNG PERSONS ACT, 1933

Child Care Visiting Officers covering the area of the Basford Rural District Council.

<i>Child Care Officers and Addresses.</i>	<i>Parishes.</i>
Mr. J. C. Booler, 1 Short Hill, Nottingham Tel. No. 47539.	.. Annesley, Awworth, Brinsley, Cossall, Felley, Greasley, Kimberley, Nuthall and Strelley.
Miss B. C. Reid, 1 Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. 47539.	.. Linby, Newstead and Papplewick.
Mr. J. R. Barker, 5 Church Street, Beeston. Tel. No. Beeston 25-7840.	.. Trowell.
Miss M. A. Askey, St. Peter's Chambers, Church Lane, Mansfield. Tel. No. Mansfield 2927.	.. Selston.
Miss H. B. Shaw, 1 Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. 47539.	.. Bestwood Park, Calverton and Wood- borough.
Mr. B. R. Smith, 1 Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. 47539.	.. Burton Joyce, Lambley, Stoke Bardolph
Mr. J. R. Barker 1 Short Hill, Nottingham. Tel. No. 47539.	.. Barton, Bradmore, Bunny, Costock, East Leake, Gotham, Kingston-upon- Soar, Normanton-upon-Soar, Ratcliffe upon-Soar, Rempstone, Ruddington, Stanford-upon-Soar, Sutton Bonington Thorpe-in-the-Glebe, Thrumpton, West Leake,, Willoughby-on-the- Wolds, Wysall.

The Children's Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council is charged with the responsibility of investigating complaints about the welfare of children and taking those into its care who are not properly looked after. Proceedings may be taken and the children committed to the care of the Council through the Juvenile Courts. The Department also receives applications from parents and others who have the care of children and may take these children into its care. Children's Homes are maintained in most parts of the County and, in addition, there are two hostels for young working people, two approved schools and a remand home for boys. Apart from taking a child into its care, the Department may secure that proper provision is made through one of the other Welfare Services or take action to bring about the rehabilitation of problem families or supervise the welfare of children in their own homes in certain circumstances.

As many as possible of the children in the care of the Council are placed in foster homes and the Child Care Officers are always glad to hear of members of the general public who are prepared to help in this way and to give further information about the Council's scheme.

Special efforts were made to cater for children who need to be cared for temporarily in circumstances such as the admission of the mother to hospital for operation or confinement. In this connection, an endeavour has been made to build up a panel of foster parents who would be prepared to take into their homes a small family of two or three children at short notice. Adequate boarding allowances are paid to these foster parents who take children on a temporary basis and help is given by a loan of beds, cots and prams where necessary.

Child Life Protection

Part VII of the Public Health Act, 1936, as extended by Part V of the Children Act, 1948, requires that every person who is not a relative and who undertakes to keep for payment a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age, either apart from its parents or having no parent, must give seven days' prior notice to the Children's Officer, Shire Hall, Nottingham, of the intended reception of the child.

Adoption

Section 2 of the Adoption Act, 1950, requires that, before any application for an Adoption Order in respect of a child is presented to the court, the Children's Officer must have received three months' prior notice from the applicants of their intention to apply for the Order.

Third Party Placements

When any person, other than a parent or guardian, makes arrangements for a child below the upper limit of the compulsory school age to be placed in the care and possession of another person who is not a relative of the child, then that person is required to give the Children's Officer at least seven days' prior notice of the intended placement. This provision is made to safeguard children who are not placed for reward or adoption and some person other than the parent or guardian participates in the arrangements.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES

GENERAL

The total number of Infectious and Notifiable Diseases notified during the year was 1,174, as compared with 301, 1,143, 525, 1,075 and 801 in the five years immediately preceding.

These cases are classified according to age groups in Table No. 5 on page 54 and parochially in Table No. 6 on page 55.

The number of notifications of each disease was as follows :—

Measles	844
Whooping Cough	80
Scarlet Fever	48
Tuberculosis (New Cases)	37
Pneumonia	18
Erysipelas	7
Dysentery	118
Food Poisoning	9
Puerperal Pyrexia	7
Acute Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	7
(Non-Paralytic)	—
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	—
Paratyphoid	—
Enteric Fever	—

Twenty-two cases were admitted to hospital as follows : Dysentery 1 ; Measles 6 ; Pncumonia 2 ; Poliomyelitis (Paralytic) 7 ; Scarlet Fever 3 ; Whooping Cough 3.

Seven hundred and seventy-nine visits were made following cases of infectious disease and 36 premises were disinfected. Disinfectants were supplied to the householders. In co-operation with the school medical service of the Nottinghamshire County Council contacts of school age were excluded where necessary.

DIPHTHERIA

No case of diphtheria was notified in 1957.

DYSENTERY

Notifications increased sharply over previous years to a total of 118. Generally the disease is not severe in type, and is usually self limiting within 3—5 days. It is undoubtedly spread most readily within the child population by direct contact. The School Authorities have co-operated with your Health Officers in carrying out a scheme of hand disinfection in schools where dysentery cases have occurred, and this has contributed materially towards checking the spread of the disease.

MEASLES

During the year 844 cases of this disease were notified as compared with a total of 69 cases for the preceding year.

PNEUMONIA

Eighteen cases were notified as compared with 15, 19, 17, 32 and 32 in the preceding five years. 23 deaths were due to this cause, the corresponding figures for the same years being 20, 21, 20, 14 and 20.

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)

There were seven confirmed cases of paralytic poliomyelitis in the district during the year which were removed to hospital. None of these cases had been vaccinated with Poliomyelitis vaccine.

Visits were paid to the homes of the patients and all local medical practitioners were informed. The Joint Secretary of the Medical Research Council Committee on Inoculation Procedures and Neurological Lesions was also notified.

PUERPERAL PYREXIA

In 1957 seven cases of this disease were notified. All were domiciliary confinements.

SCARLET FEVER

Forty-eight cases were notified as compared with 70, 24, 72, 92 and 59 in the five years immediately preceding. The disease was mild in type.

SMALLPOX

For the twenty-seventh year in succession, no cases of smallpox occurred in the District. The number of persons vaccinated or revaccinated against this disease during 1957 was 411.

TUBERCULOSIS

Forty-one cases of all forms of this disease were added to the District Register during the year, as compared with 54, 39, 57, 56 and 49 during the preceding five years. 37 of these notifications were new cases.

The following Table shows the age and sex distribution of the notified cases (including both new cases and cases moved into the district from elsewhere) and deaths from tuberculosis during 1957.

TUBERCULOSIS NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS DURING 1957.

Age Groups	New Cases				Cases transferred into District				Cases removed from Register through Death			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1 year ..	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1-4 years ..	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5-14 „ ..	2	4	1	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15-24 „ ..	2	1	—	—	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—
25-34 „ ..	4	4	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
35-44 „ ..	5	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45-54 „ ..	2	2	2	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—
55-64 „ ..	2	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65 years and over ..	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
Age unknown ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals ..	20	14	3	4	4	4	1	—	4	1	—	—

All the above deaths had been previously notified and included in the District Register of Cases.

52 cases were removed from the District Register in 1957 as follows :—

	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Recoveries	3	9	1	—
Deaths	4	1	—	—
Removals from District	17	13	2	—
Not confirmed as T.B. ..	—	—	1	—
Totals ..	24	23	4	—

There were 411 names of persons residing in the District on the Register of Cases on 31st December, 1957, as follows :—

Pulmonary Cases	Non-Pulmonary Cases
185 males	35 males
167 females	24 females

No action was taken during the year under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations relating to persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis employed in the milk trade nor under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, which provides for the compulsory removal to hospital of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

WHOOPIING COUGH

Eighty cases of whooping cough were notified during the year as compared with 70, 215, 132 and 235 in the preceding five years.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

A.—PUBLIC CLEANSING

ARRANGEMENTS FOR STORAGE OF HOUSEHOLD REFUSE

No. of houses provided with moveable receptacles (dustbins) ..	16,834
No. of houses provided with moveable receptacles (wet pails) ..	1,459
No. of houses provided with fixed receptacles (dry ashpits and privy middens)	468

During 1957, the closet accommodation at 47 houses was converted from privy middens or pail closets to water-closets. A grant of £10 is made in approved cases.

DUSTBINS

The Council sell dustbins to private householders and council house tenants and by the end of the year, 612 bins had been sold.

201 Preliminary Notices and 19 Statutory Notices under the Public Health Act, 1936, Section 75, were served on owners to provide dustbins. 147 Preliminary Notices and 13 Statutory Notices were complied with during the year and the Council supplied 6 bins in default.

REFUSE COLLECTION

This work is carried out by the Council's own staff in all parishes in the District using twelve low-loading refuse collection vehicles. The latest additions to the Council's fleet of refuse vehicles are fitted with a special cab for the loaders.

The Council has depots at Jacksdale, Kimberley and Ruddington.

A weekly collection of refuse is carried out in all the Council's area except during holiday periods and times of sickness among the workmen.

The cost of refuse collection and cesspool emptying during the financial year 1st April, 1957 to 31st March, 1958, was as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Wages, Superannuation and Insurance	34,476	8	6
Oil and Petrol	3,157	10	8
Vehicle Maintenance and Repairs ..	1,539	17	3
Licences, Levy and Insurance	782	1	1
Protective Clothing	182	8	9
	£40,138	6	3

REFUSE DISPOSAL

During the year, refuse was disposed of by controlled tipping on the undermentioned tips :—

Loaned free of charge to the Council.

Annesley Park.

Gunthorpe Gravel Pits.

Ollerton Road Gravel Pit, Arnold.

Beauvale. Newthorpe.

Owned by the Council.

Adjoining sewage works, Cossall.

Rempstone Road, East Leake

The Green, Kimberley.

Main Road, Jacksdale

Cordy Lane, Underwood.

Rented by the Council.

Salmon Lane, Annesley.

Disused Brickyard, Cossall.

Hathern, Sutton Bonington.

Throughout the District, about two acres of derelict land were reclaimed and put to good use. The Council has a Ferguson tractor which is used solely on the tips to keep them level and soiled over.

SALVAGE

The following materials were salvaged and sold to merchants in 1957 :—

<i>Materials.</i>			<i>tons.</i>	<i>cwts.</i>	<i>qrs.</i>	<i>lbs.</i>	<i>£</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Waste Paper .. ..	..	..	133	2	3	0	885	13	7
Rags .. ..	..	..	11	14	2	18	304	9	5
Aluminium .. ..	..	..	—	4	3	4	21	1	3
Brass .. ..	..	..	—	3	1	6	21	15	8
Copper .. ..	..	..	—	3	2	2	8	8	9
Lead .. ..	..	..	—	3	1	11	14	10	2
Iron .. ..	..	..	1	8	0	0	9	2	0
Scrap Tyres .. ..	..	..	—	—	—	—	4	15	0
Total ..			147	0	1	13	£1,269	15	10

TRADE REFUSE

11,072 bins and 93 loads of trade refuse were removed from business premises during the year and income received from 1st January to 31st December, 1957 amounted to £375 19s. 0d.

B.—SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The sewer extension at Plainspot, Selston, was completed, and the new scheme for the provision of sewers to the Parishes of Bradmore and Bunny was commenced. A number of houses in Lynby and Papplewick Parishes were connected to the sewer which joins up with that of the Hucknall Urban District Council.

CESSPOOLS

The Council remove up to two loads of sewage free of charge per year from private cesspools in the District and subsequent loads on request at the rate of £1 0s. 0d. per excess load or part load. Two cesspool-emptying vehicles of maximum capacity of 750 gallons are used on this service.

There are approximately 1,537 private houses and 52 council houses in the district with cesspool drainage and 130 council houses drained to small sewage works and emptied by the Council's vehicles. 49 new houses were erected in 1957 with cesspools.

The following are details of the cesspool emptying scheme for the year 1957 :—

	<i>No. of Free Loads Removed</i>	<i>No. of Chargeable Loads Removed</i>
Council houses	233	342
Private houses, etc. ..	1,864	276
Other L.A.'s houses, etc. ..	—	34
Sewers, manholes, etc. ..	—	364
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Totals ..	2,097	1,016
	<hr/>	<hr/>

RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF FINAL EFFLUENTS FROM SEWAGE WORKS OF THE BASFORD RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL FOR THE YEAR 1957

<i>Name of Works.</i>	<i>No. of Samples.</i>	<i>Satisfactory.</i>	<i>Passable</i>	<i>Unsatisfactory.</i>
Annesley	4	1	1	2
Awsworth	2	2	—	—
Brinsley Gin	2	—	2	—
Calverton	3	1	—	2
Cossall	2	2	—	—
East Leake	2	2	—	—
Gotham	1	1	—	—
Kimberley	2	1	—	1
Newstead	4	3	1	—
Newthorpe	4	1	2	1
Ruddington	2	2	—	—
Selston :				
Bagthorpe	1	1	—	—
Beaufit Lane	—	—	—	—
Jubilee	1	1	—	—
Wintercloses	1	1	—	—
Sutton Bonington	1	1	—	—
Totals	32	20	6	6

CLOSET CONVERSIONS—Public Health Act, 1936, Section 47

The Council has resolved that each application for financial assistance in aid of closet conversions should be considered on its merits and, in those cases deemed appropriate for grant aid, a contribution up to 50 per cent. of the approved cost of such conversions should be made, subject to a maximum grant of £10 per conversion.

As a result of this resolution, grants were made in 1957 towards 47 such conversions.

RIVERS AND STREAMS

The Trent River Board is statutorily responsible within its area for the prevention of river pollution and other functions conferred upon it by the River Boards Act, 1948, and, for this purpose, retains the services of special Rivers Inspectors.

C.—RODENT CONTROL

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949

A summary of the work performed during 1957 by the Rodent Officer is given below :—

		<i>Private Dwellings</i>	<i>Business Premises</i>	<i>Local Authority Premises</i>	<i>Total</i>
No. of complaints	..	462	21	120	583
No. of surveys	..	2,302	34	120	2,456
No. of visits	..	4,085	115	600	4,800
No. of plain baits	..	14,449	688	11,246	26,383
No. of poison baits	..	3,720	222	2,903	6,845
No. of dead rats found	..	347	24	587	958
No. of estimated kill	..	1,041	72	1,743	2,856
No. of re-inspections	..	97	17	63	177

All the sewers in the District were tested and received two maintenance treatments in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

33 treatments were carried out on refuse tips and 63 at sewage works. Infestations were kept down to the minimum.

66 private dwellings, 7 business premises and 3 schools were treated for mice infestations.

Since the appointment of the Rodent Officer in 1946, 12,995 dead rats have been found and the estimated kill numbered 42,301 to the end of 1957.

Rodent Statistics for the year ended 31st December, 1957

		<i>Local Authority</i>	<i>Dwelling Houses</i>	<i>Agricul- ture</i>	<i>All other (including Business & Industrial)</i>	<i>Total</i>
I.	Total number of properties in Local Authority's District	41	17,879	800	1,248	19,168
II.	Number of properties inspec- ted by the Local Authority during 1957 as a result (a) of notification or (b) other- wise	(a) —	427	—	9	436
		(b) 41	6,033	227	963	7,264
III.	Number of properties } Major (under II) found to } be infested by rats } Minor	—	—	—	—	—
		39	4,792	—	15	4,846
IV.	Number of properties (under II) found to be seriously infested by mice	2	66	—	7	75
V.	Number of infested properties (under III and IV) treated by the Local Authority	40	545	—	22	607
VI.	Number of notices served under Section 4 :—					
	(1) Treatment	—	—	—	—	—
	(2) Structural Works (<i>i.e.</i> Proofing)	—	—	—	—	—
VII.	Number of cases in which default action was taken by Local Authority follow- ing issue of notice under Section 4	—	—	—	—	—
VIII.	Legal Proceedings	—	—	—	—	—
IX.	Number of "block" control schemes carried out .. 21					

D.—WATER

Throughout the year inspections were made of the various water supplies of the District, and routine bacteriological examinations were carried out on 64 samples of drinking and bathing pool water. Ten of these gave an unsatisfactory result, and appropriate action was recommended.

The upland waters of the Derwent supply are liable to be plumbo-solvent in action, but this tendency is corrected before delivery to consumers.

It is proper to draw attention to the precarious position in the Parish of Newstead which is served by a distribution system owned by the Council. The existing equipment is working at practically full capacity, whilst the demand for water in the area is steadily rising as a result of new housing. During the year the Council's Surveyor had occasion to report upon the situation, and it is my duty to support his opinion, so that an adequate and safe supply can be assured.

Only one parish, Willoughby-on-the-Wolds, has no mains water supply and is dependent upon shallow wells which are unreliable and of poor quality. The Council continues to cart water to the villagers 3 times per week; and during 1957 a total of 222,500 gallons was distributed by the Council's Water bowser.

There are 297 houses in the Rural District without a piped water supply.

The following table shows the distribution of houses supplied with stand-pipes:—

<i>Parish</i>	<i>No. of stand-pipes</i>	<i>No. of houses</i>
Awsworth	1	1
Bestwood	1	1
Brinsley	1	1
Burton Joyce	1	2
Calverton	2	4
East Leake	1	2
Gotham	1	7
Normanton	1	6
Nuthall	1	4
Ruddington	5	9
Selston	3	5
Sutton Bonington	5	15
Woodborough	3	4
	—	—
	26	61
	==	==

E.—SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

The following work has been carried out during the year by the Council's Public Health Inspectors :—

Statutory Notices served under Public Health Act, 1936	37
Statutory Notices complied with	37
Statutory Notices served under Housing Act, 1957 ..	1
Statutory Notices complied with	1
Preliminary Notices served	495
Preliminary Notices complied with	461
Number of Council Houses inspected	299
Number of Council Houses with defects	8
Number of Verbal Notices to Council house tenants re unsatisfactory conditions	6
Other houses inspected for defects	1,009
Total number of inspections and re-inspections made for housing defects (excluding Council houses) ..	3,253
Number of complaints received and investigated ..	428
Personal interviews with owners and agents ..	564
Number of inspections made in connection with Public Cleansing	2,392
No. of samples of water taken for analysis	67

Details of the Preliminary Notices served are as follows :—

	<i>Notices Served</i>	<i>Complied With</i>
Clear choked drains	106	89
Reconstruct or repair drains	27	23
Repair or cleanse cesspools	6	3
Connect drains to sewer	3	3
Connect to public water supply	6	5
Provide internal water supplies	7	4
Provide proper sinks and wastepipes	—	—
Repair or renew sinks and wastepipes	5	3
Provide additional closet accommodation	—	1
Convert privies or pails to waterclosets	1	3
Convert privies to pails	—	—
Repair or renew waterclosets and flushing cisterns ..	24	30
Renew Sanitary pans	—	5
Renew dustbins	215	179
Provide dustbins in lieu of ashpits	—	—
Repair roofs and remedy dampness	54	63
Provide or repair eaves gutters and fall pipes ..	35	29
Repair or renew external walls	14	13
Repair or renew chimney stacks or provide pots ..	32	26
Provide or repair yard paving	3	4
Provide or repair coal stores	—	—
Repair or renew outbuildings	9	4
Repair or renew house windows and doors	37	34
Repair or renew house floors	14	18
Repair or renew internal walls and ceilings	27	19
Repair staircase, provide handrails, etc.	—	1
Provide or repair cooking ranges	20	14
Provide or repair firegrates	10	11
Provide or repair washing coppers	6	3
Provide adequate light and ventilation to house ..	—	—
Provide adequate light and ventilation to food store	—	—
Cleanse dirty and verminous premises	—	—
Remove offensive accumulations	3	2
Prevent nuisance from improperly kept animals ..	2	2
Cleanse foul dykes	2	—
Abate smoke nuisances	2	1
Miscellaneous	10	12

Details of the Statutory Notices served are as follows :—

	<i>No. of Notices</i>
Housing Act, 1957, Section 9—In respect of general dis- repair and sanitary defects	3
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 39—Requiring execution of works of drainage, etc. in existing buildings ..	9
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 45—Requiring defective closets to be put into repair	4
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 75—Requiring the provision of a covered dustbin for house refuse ..	25
Public Health Act, 1936, Section 93—Requiring the abate- ment of a nuisance	12
Public Health Act, 1936 Section 138, & Water Act, 1945 Section 30—To provide water supply in pipes	1

SHOPS ACT, 1950

Under the provisions of the Shops Act, 1950, relating to ventila-
tion and temperature of shops and to sanitary conveniences, the
following inspections were made :—

No. of Inspections	45
No. of Unsatisfactory conditions found..	Nil

CLEAN AIR ACT.

The following observations were made on factory chimneys during
the year for excessive smoke :—

*No. of Works on
which observations*

<i>were made</i>	<i>No. of observations</i>	<i>Satisfactory</i>	<i>Unsatisfactory</i>
50	50	47	3

SWIMMING POOLS

In the Basford Rural District, there are two open-air swimming
pools :

Stanford Hall Swimming Pool, Stanford-on-Soar and Calverton Lido, Woodborough

Both these pools are inspected, and samples of water submitted
for analysis.

TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS

Number of camping sites licensed by Local Authority under Section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936 ..	1
Estimated maximum number of campers resident at one time during the summer season, 1957	480
Number of visits to Caravans and Camping Sites ..	211
Number of Informal Notices served requesting removal of vans	28
Number of Informal Notices complied with	29

PETROLEUM

Petroleum Acts, 1871 to 1936

Number of licences issued to store Petroleum during Licence year 1957/8	133
Number of licences issued to store Carbide of Calcium during Licence year 1957/8	4
Number of licences issued to store Cellulose during Licence year 1957/8	2
Total Storage capacity for Petroleum Spirit and Mixtures	157,189 gallons
Total Storage capacity for Carbide of Calcium ..	6,304 lbs.
Total storage capacity for Cellulose	80 gallons
Total fees collected (year ended 31-3-58) ..	£93 0s. 0d.

All new underground tanks are subjected to a pressure test of 5 lbs. per square inch before approval.

23 licensed premises and 11 new petroleum installations were inspected during the year, all were found to be satisfactory and complied with the regulations.

FACTORIES AND WORKPLACES

Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948

Inspections have been carried out during the year at the following factories and workplaces :—

		<i>Inspections</i>	<i>Unsatisfactory Premises</i>	<i>Notices Served</i>
Factories with power	..	60	8	8
Factories without power	..	5	—	—
Other premises (in which Section 7 is enforced by Local Authorities)	.. ..	2	1	—
Workplaces	.. ..	7	—	—
Outworkers' premises	..	8	—	—

Two new Certificates and one amended Certificate of Adequate means of Escape in Case of Fire were issued during the year by the Council to Factories in the District.

1.—Inspections made for purposes of Provisions as to Health

<i>Premises</i>	<i>Number on Register</i>	<i>Number of</i>		
		<i>Inspections</i>	<i>Written notices</i>	<i>Occupiers prosecuted</i>
(i) Factories without Power in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	9	5	—	—
(ii) Factories with Power not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	140	60	8	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises) ..	32	2	1	—
Totals	181	67	9	—

2.—Details of Defects.

Number of Defects found	9
Number of Defects remedied	6
Number referred to H.M. Inspector	—
Number referred by H.M. Inspector	4
Number of cases prosecuted	—

PERSONS EMPLOYED ON OUTWORK

Nature of Work	Section 110			Section 111		
	No. of out-workers in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c)	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served	Prosecutions
Wearing apparel, Making, etc.	169	—	—	—	—	—
Lace, lace curtains and nets	8	—	—	—	—	—
Hair Nets	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totals	177	—	—	—	—	—

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS AMENDMENT ACT, 1907—Section 86

No. of persons registered as Old Metal and Marine Store					
Dealers at end of 1957	..	..	..	..	5

DEFENCE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1939, No. 55.**The Kitchen Waste (Licensing of Private Collectors) Order**

The Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food granted licences in 1957 to four persons resident in the Basford Rural District, authorising them to collect and receive kitchen waste (as defined in Article 2 of the Order).

HOUSING

By the end of 1957, there was a total of 3,439 Council houses in occupation.

The number of applications for Council houses outstanding at the end of 1957 was 385, but this number includes only the applications received from persons living in lodgings in the Rural District of Basford. It does not include applications received from persons who are householders in the Rural District or who are householders or lodgers outside the Rural District.

Housing Statistics for 1957

Number of houses erected during the year :—

(a) With State assistance under the Housing Acts :—

(1) By the Local Authority	1
(2) By other Local Authorities	—
(3) By other bodies or persons	—
(b) Privately built	339

Total number of houses erected ..	340
-----------------------------------	-----

RENT ACT, 1957

During 1957 the following applications were dealt with :—

No. of applications for Certificate of Disrepair received ..	107
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ granted ..	107
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ refused ..	NIL
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ Revocation of Certificates received	4
„ „ „ „ „ „ „ „ granted	4

1.—Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year :—

(1) (a) Total Number of dwelling-houses inspected for Housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts) excluding Council houses	1,009
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose ..	3,253
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-heading (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1936	NIL
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose ..	NIL

(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	68
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-heading) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	253

2.—Remedy of defects during the year without service of formal Notice :—

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or its officers	309
---	-----

3.—Action under Statutory Powers during the Year :—

A.—Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 12 of the Housing Act, 1957 :—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	1
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice :—	
(a) By owners	1
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners ..	NIL

B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied ..	37
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—	
(a) By owners	37
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners ..	8

C.—Proceedings under Sections 16, 17 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1957:—

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	—
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	2
(3) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Clearance Orders	18

D.—Proceedings under Section 18 of the Housing Act, 1957:—

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made ..	NIL
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit ..	NIL

E.—Proceedings under Sections 10 and 11 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act, 1953:—

Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Closing Orders were made	4
--	---

4.—Housing Act, 1957.—Part IV.—Overcrowding :—

(a) (1) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	22
(2) Number of families dwelling therein	27
(3) Number of persons dwelling therein	180
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	2
(c) (1) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	2
(2) Number of persons concerned in such cases ..	8
(d) Number of cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority had taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding	—

All cases of alleged overcrowding, brought to the notice of the Department, are investigated and where overcrowding of a house is confirmed, a report of the circumstances is sent to the Council's Housing Officer. Many cases investigated are not overcrowded as defined in Part IV of the Housing Act, 1957, although they are "socially overcrowded."

Disinfestation of Verminous Premises

The control and eradication of vermin and other pests is actively undertaken in this District.

The following are particulars of the number of houses disinfested during 1957 :—

	<i>No. of Houses disinfested for:</i>		<i>No. of Visits</i>
	<i>Bugs</i>	<i>Other Pests</i>	
Private Houses ..	9	58	93
Council Houses ..	1	45	49
Business Premises	—	—	—
Totals ..	10	103	142

In addition 32 wasps' nests were destroyed.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF MEAT AND FOOD

FOOD PREMISES

The following inspections have been made of food premises during the year :—

	<i>No. of Premises in District</i>	<i>No. of Inspections</i>	<i>No. of Unsatisfactory Premises</i>
Bakehouses	17	41	5
Butchers' Shops, etc.	41	356	8
Cafes and Catering Establishments	99	80	4
Fried Fish Shops	16	27	1
Ice Cream Premises	162	198	—
Knacker's Yard	1	19	—
Slaughterhouses	21	1,578	4
Other Food Premises	228	174	12

Ice Cream (Heat Treatment Etc.) Regulations 1947-52

<i>No. of Samples taken</i>	<i>Provisional Grade</i>
	<i>I. II. III. IV.</i>
105	75 17 12 1

The recommended standard is that, over a six-monthly period, 50 per cent. of a vendor's samples should fall into Grade I, 80 per cent. into Grades I or II, not more than 20 per cent. into Grade III and none into Grade IV.

The unsatisfactory samples were investigated and the contributory causes of their low grading were believed to have been insufficient care in sterilising equipment and containers. Notices were served on the owners to remedy these faults. Follow up samples fell into Grade I. In addition 24 samples of lollipops were taken, all of which were reported as satisfactory.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955 (Section 16)

The number of premises registered under the above Act for the manufacture and/or sale of foodstuffs is as follows :—

Preparation and sale of fried fish and chips	16
Manufacture of Heat-treated Ice Cream	2
Manufacture of Complete Cold-mix Ice Cream	4
Sale of Ice Cream	269
Manufacture of Potato Crisps	2
Manufacture of Sausages, or potted, pressed, pickled or preserved food	13

GAME ACT, 1831 AND GAME LICENCES ACT, 1860

One licence to deal in Game was issued to a person residing in the District during the year.

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

Condemned Foodstuffs (Other than Fresh Meat)

During 1957, the following foodstuffs were condemned and surrendered as being unfit for human consumption :—

<i>Foodstuff.</i>	<i>Condition.</i>						<i>No. of tins, etc.</i>	<i>Approx. weight lbs.</i>
Apricots	Blown						6 ..	2
Corned Beef	"						5 ..	13½
Crab	"						2 ..	¾
Fish Cakes	Decomposed						1 ..	5½
Jellied Fruit	Mould						5 ..	1
Luncheon Meat	Blown						1 ..	4
Milk	Punctured						2 ..	2
Ox Tongue	Mould						1 ..	6
Peas	Blown						3 ..	3
Pineapples	"						1 ..	1¾
Rock Lobster	"						1 ..	½
Sausages	"						1 ..	½
Salmon	Decomposed						1 ..	½
Tomatoes	Blown						18 ..	22¼

Total Weight condemned — 63¼ lbs.

Food which has been condemned as being unfit for human consumption is disposed of by burying on the Council's refuse tips.

SLAUGHTERING AND MEAT INSPECTION

Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924-1952

During 1957 the Council's Health Inspectors have endeavoured to maintain a 100 per cent. inspection of all slaughterings, although on a few occasions this has not been possible. This has involved visiting the slaughterhouses in the early mornings and in the evenings outside the normal office hours and also on Saturdays and Sundays.

Details of these inspections are as follows :—

Weight of Meat Condemned

<i>Reason for Condemnation</i>	<i>Cattle excluding Cows</i>	<i>Cows</i>	<i>Calves</i>	<i>Sheep and Lambs</i>	<i>Pigs</i>	<i>Total Weight lbs.</i>
Tuberculosis : Weight in lbs. ..	4,007	4,074	NIL	NIL	642	8,723
Diseases other than Tuberculosis : Weight in lbs. ..	1,026	428	35	211	498	2,198
Total Weight in lbs...	5,033	4,502	35	211	1,140	10,921

Carcases and Offal Inspected and Condemned in whole or in part

	<i>Cattle excluding Cows</i>	<i>Cows</i>	<i>Calves</i>	<i>Sheep and Lambs</i>	<i>Pigs</i>	<i>Horses</i>
Number killed (if known)	1,503	566	100	4,392	2,583	—
Number Inspected ..	1,484	551	100	4,373	2,580	—
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci.</i> Whole carcases condemned ..	—	—	2	3	3	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was con- demned ..	77	61	—	8	10	—
Percentage of the numberinspected affected with dis- ease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci ..	5.19%	11.07%	2.00%	0.25 %	0.50%	—
<i>Tuberculosis only.</i> Whole carcases condemned ..	—	1	—	—	—	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ..	139	73	—	—	49	—
Percentage of the numberinspected affected with tuberculosis ..	9.44%	13.43%	—	—	1.90%	—
<i>Cysticercosis.</i> Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned ..	3	—	—	—	—	—
Carcasessubmitted to treatment by refrigeration ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Generalised and totally condemned	—	—	—	—	—	—

There is one licensed Knacker's Yard in the District which is kept in a satisfactory condition.

The inspectors paid 1,578 visits to slaughterhouses and 356 to butchers' shops, vans, etc. 10 notices were served to remedy unsatisfactory conditions.

Slaughter of Animals Acts, 1933-1954

Sixty-eight persons were licensed as slaughterers under the provisions of the Acts in 1957.

MILK AND DAIRIES

Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949—1953

During the year, 18 visits were made to dairies and distributors' premises in the area, and one notice was served regarding unsatisfactory conditions.

Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regulations, 1949

Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regulations 1949—1954

The following particulars relate to the area covered by the Rural District :—

Number of Dairy Farms and Producers	..	318
Number of Milk Distributors	.. ..	65
Number of Dealers	.. .. .	74

Numbers of Licences issued by the Basford Rural District Council during 1957, authorising the use of special designations :—

	<i>Principal Dealers' Licences</i>	<i>Supplementary Dealers' Licences</i>
"Pasteurised"	31	24
"Sterilised"	28	21
"Tuberculin Tested" ..	33	24

FOOD HYGIENE REGULATIONS 1955

Routine inspections were carried out by the Inspectors of food premises in the District to ensure that the highest standards of cleanliness were maintained. (Details on page 43).

Twenty-five Notices were served under the above regulations chiefly to require the provision of wash-basins and separate accommodation for food preparation.

A number of verbal warnings to staff were also given regarding unhygienic practices in food handling.

During the year posters on Food Hygiene supplied by the Ministry of Health were distributed for display in appropriate food premises.

Notices were served on the owners of food premises as follows :—

	<i>Bakeries</i>	<i>Butchers' Shops</i>	<i>Canteens and Cafes</i>	<i>Fried Fish Shops</i>	<i>Ice Cream Vendors</i>	<i>Other Food Premises</i>
To clean and redecorate or limewash premises ..	2	1	—	—	—	—
To cleanse utensils ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
To abate a nuisance ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
To carry out structural alterations and repairs	—	1	1	—	—	1
To comply with Regulations	3	6	3	1	—	12

Food Analysis

Particulars are given overleaf of samples obtained by Officers of the Weights and Measures and Food and Drugs Department of the Nottinghamshire County Council and examined and/or analysed under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, in the Rural District of Bassetlaw during the year ended 31st December, 1957.

<i>Articles obtained for Examination and Analysis.</i>	<i>Number of Samples</i>			
	<i>Obtained</i>	<i>Genuine</i>	<i>Adulterated or Sub- Standard</i>	
Arrowroot	1	1	—	{ 1 contained 6.1% excess Water 2 contained 5.8% excess Water Fined £2 and £2 18s. 4d. Costs in each case.
Beefsteak Pie	1	1	—	
Beef Suet	1	1	—	
Butter	1	1	—	
Cake Mixture	1	1	—	
Cheese Biscuits	1	1	—	
Cheshire Cheese	1	1	—	
Coconut, Desiccated ..	1	1	—	
Coffee and Chicory Essence	1	1	—	
Cooking Crumbs	1	1	—	
Cooking Fat	2	2	—	
Fruit Salad	1	1	—	
Gin	10	8	2	
Ginger Marmalade	1	1	—	All six Sub-standard samples slightly deficient due to natural causes. Appropriate action has been taken in these cases.
Ice Cream	1	1	—	
Jam	2	2	—	
Kippers, Canned	1	1	—	
Lemon Juice	2	2	—	
Margarine	1	1	—	
Meat Paste	1	1	—	
Meat Pies	1	1	—	
Meat Pies	1	1	—	
Milk	169	163	6	
Milk Powder	1	1	—	
Mixed Fruit Dried	1	1	—	
Parkin	1	1	—	
Peas Canned	2	2	—	31.2% deficient in Meat— Informal sample. 19.6% deficient in Meat. Manufacturer cautioned.
Pepper Flavoured Compound	1	1	—	
Popcorn Cheese Flavoured	1	1	—	
Prunes	1	1	—	
Ravioli in Tomato Sauce	1	1	—	
Rice, Creamed	1	1	—	
Rice, Flaked	1	1	—	
Rice Ground	1	1	—	
Rum	1	1	—	
Sausage, Pork	6	4	2	
Sultanas	1	1	—	
Sweets	3	3	—	
Tea	1	1	—	
Vinegar, Malt	1	1	—	Contained 6.6% excess Water. Licensee prosecuted, and fined £2 and ordered to pay £2 18s. 4d. Costs.
Whisky	6	5	1	

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table No. 1

Causes of Death, 1957

			<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	<i>Total</i>
1.	Tuberculosis, respiratory	.. ..	1	2	3
2.	Tuberculosis, other	.. ..	—	1	1
3.	Syphilitic diseases	.. ..	3	—	3
4.	Diphtheria	.. ..	—	—	—
5.	Whooping Cough	.. ..	—	—	—
6.	Meningococcal infections	.. ..	—	—	—
7.	Acute poliomyelitis	.. ..	—	—	—
8.	Measles	.. ..	—	1	1
9.	Other infective and parasitic diseases	.. ..	1	1	2
10.	Malignant neoplasm, stomach	.. ..	7	4	11
11.	Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus	.. ..	13	2	15
12.	Malignant neoplasm, breast	.. ..	1	16	17
13.	Malignant neoplasm, uterus	.. ..	—	4	4
14.	Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms		15	19	34
15.	Leukæmia, aleukæmia	.. ..	4	—	4
16.	Diabetes	.. ..	1	1	2
17.	Vascular lesions of nervous system	.. ..	40	35	75
18.	Coronary disease, angina	.. ..	41	21	62
19.	Hypertension with heart disease	.. ..	7	7	14
20.	Other heart diseases	.. ..	33	50	83
21.	Other circulatory diseases	.. ..	8	8	16
22.	Influenza	.. ..	4	3	7
23.	Pneumonia	.. ..	12	11	23
24.	Bronchitis	.. ..	12	12	24
25.	Other diseases of respiratory system	.. ..	2	3	5
26.	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	.. ..	4	1	5
27.	Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhœa	.. ..	2	1	3
28.	Nephritis and nephrosis	.. ..	4	—	4
29.	Hyperplasia of prostate	.. ..	8	—	8
30.	Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion	.. ..	—	1	1
31.	Congenital malformations	.. ..	3	3	6
32.	Other defined and ill-defined diseases	.. ..	24	21	45
33.	Motor vehicle accidents	.. ..	8	1	9
34.	All other accidents	.. ..	7	3	10
35.	Suicide	.. ..	2	1	3
36.	Homicide and operations of war	.. ..	—	—	—
All Causes—Totals			267	233	500

Table No. 2

Ages at which Death occurred, 1957

Age at time of death	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
Under 1 year ..	2	3	5	—	2	—	4	1	2	1	5	2	27
1 and under 2 ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
2 and under 5 ..	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
5 and under 15 ..	1	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	1	6
15 and under 25 ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	4
25 and under 45 ..	2	1	3	1	2	1	1	—	3	4	1	4	23
45 and under 65 ..	11	9	8	9	10	14	5	4	10	9	8	14	111
65 and under 75 ..	17	8	10	10	8	7	7	8	5	10	10	13	113
75 and under 80 ..	15	7	8	5	11	6	7	3	6	11	6	11	96
80 and under 90 ..	6	7	4	8	11	9	9	7	5	10	8	16	100
90 and under 100..	5	—	1	—	1	1	1	1	3	1	—	3	17
Totals ..	59	36	39	35	47	39	35	24	36	47	38	65	500

Table No. 3

Deaths 1957, Parochially Distributed

<i>Parish</i>	<i>Population (estimated) 1-4-57</i>	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Totals
Annesley	980	—	—	—	1	2	1	—	1	1	1	—	—	7
Awsorth	1,410	—	1	1	1	1	—	2	2	2	1	1	2	14
Barton	200	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bestwood Park ..	1,370	1	1	—	—	2	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	7
Bradmore	210	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Brinsley	2,060	2	4	2	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	—	3	23
Bunny	550	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Burton Joyce ..	2,225	3	2	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	—	4	7	28
Calverton	3,900	3	2	2	—	3	1	2	1	2	3	3	4	26
Cossall	1,200	2	1	4	1	2	1	—	2	4	1	—	—	18
Costock	394	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	4
East Leake	2,300	3	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	20
Felley	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gotham	1,364	2	—	—	1	3	1	1	—	2	3	—	1	14
Greasley	5,000	3	—	—	—	3	5	2	—	2	3	3	5	26
Kimberley	4,770	7	4	3	2	5	5	5	2	2	5	2	2	44
Kingston-upon-Soar ..	256	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	2	4
Lambley	1,070	3	1	—	1	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	7
Lynby	240	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Newstead	2,650	—	1	—	3	2	3	3	2	3	1	2	4	24
Normanton-upon-Soar ..	328	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Nuthall	3,230	4	3	6	2	2	1	2	1	1	1	2	6	31
Papplewick	629	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	3
Ratcliffe-upon-Scar ..	116	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rempstone	264	3	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	6
Ruddington	4,780	6	3	4	9	5	1	1	1	2	5	3	7	47
Selston	9,820	9	6	13	5	8	7	8	2	8	12	9	10	97
Stanford-upon-Scar ..	217	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stoke Bardolph	198	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Strelley	105	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Sutton Bonington ..	1,120	1	1	1	1	—	2	1	—	—	1	1	1	10
Thorpe-in-the-Glebe ..	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thrumpton	138	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Trowell	1,800	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	1	7
West Leake	116	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Willoughby-on-the-Wolds	342	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	1	4	9
Woodborough	750	—	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	1	1	2	—	8
Wysall	189	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Totals	56,549	59	36	39	35	47	39	35	24	36	47	38	65	500

Table No. 4

Causes of Death during the Last Ten Years

		1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	
1 Tuberculosis, respiratory	..	9	12	14	10	8	7	7	8	4	3	
2 Tuberculosis, other	..	4	—	1	—	1	1	2	3	—	1	
3 Syphilitic diseases	..	3	2	1	1	4	3	2	1	1	3	
4 Diphtheria	..	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
5 Whooping Cough	..	1	—	1	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	
6 Meningococcal infections	..	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	
7 Acute poliomyelitis	..	1	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	
8 Measles	..	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	
9 Other infective and parasitic diseases		—	—	2	—	2	2	2	—	1	2	
10 Malignant neoplasm, stomach		9	18	19	5	15	17	10	14	7	11	
11 Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus				9	10	13	12	17	28	18	15	
12 Malignant neoplasm, breast	..	5	13	4	8	7	10	7	6	11	17	
13 Malignant neoplasm, uterus	..			2	4	2	3	5	5	6	4	
14 Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	..	61	67	50	40	36	47	48	52	57	34	
15 Leukaemia, aleukaemia	..			4	1	3	2	3	—	3	4	
16 Diabetes	..	—	3	2	3	2	4	4	6	4	2	
17 Vascular lesions of nervous system		54	72	59	82	66	80	58	54	76	75	
18 Coronary disease, angina	}	141	141	{	43	64	64	64	67	51	62	
19 Hypertension with heart disease					15	11	9	8	15	11	9	14
20 Other heart diseases					99	134	105	100	93	84	113	83
21 Other circulatory diseases	..	10	20	23	18	16	15	17	22	18	16	
22 Influenza	..	8	17	9	26	5	14	1	—	2	7	
23 Pneumonia	..	12	22	17	22	20	14	20	21	20	23	
24 Bronchitis	..	19	23	32	30	21	24	30	24	31	24	
25 Other diseases of respiratory system		8	6	4	3	4	7	4	5	10	5	
26 Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	..	5	5	6	8	4	4	2	9	1	5	
27 Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea	..	15	11	1	2	2	—	2	3	4	3	
28 Nephritis and nephrosis	..	9	14	4	8	5	5	4	6	8	4	
29 Hyperplasia of prostate	..			3	7	4	5	1	4	3	8	
30 Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion		7	9	1	—	1	—	—	1	2	1	
31 Congenital malformations		9	8	8	4	3	6	5	7	6	6	
32 Other defined and ill-defined diseases		37	39	55	53	39	40	51	58	38	45	
33 Motor vehicle accidents	..	5	7	5	11	6	3	11	1	10	9	
34 All other accidents	..	10	12	9	10	14	8	11	9	21	10	
35 Suicide	..	4	6	3	7	6	5	6	6	5	3	
36 Homicide and operations of war	..			—	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	
Total Deaths	..	447	527	506	585	489	512	504	515	540	500	

Table No. 5

Infectious Diseases Notified, 1957
(Age Groups)

Disease	Sex—	Under 1 Year		Over 1 and under 3		Over 3 and under 5		Over 5 and under 10		Over 10 and under 15		Over 15 and under 25		Over 25 and under 45		Over 45 and under 65		Over 65		Totals	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Dysentery	3	2	6	11	5	5	22	24	10	5	4	5	5	8	1	1	—	1	56	62
Enteric Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	3	—	1	3	4
Food Poisoning	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	—	—	—	—	4	5
Measles	3	7	77	81	97	103	224	225	10	6	3	—	3	4	—	—	—	1	417	427
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Paratyphoid Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pneumonia	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	1	—	1	3	3	2	2	2	10	8
Poliomyelitis (Paralytic)	—	—	—	3	—	—	2	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	4
Poliomyelitis (Non-Paralytic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal Pyrexia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	6
Scarlet Fever	—	—	3	1	3	6	14	18	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	26
Tuberculosis*	1	—	—	—	—	1	2	4	1	2	2	1	8	6	6	3	—	—	20	17
Whooping Cough	2	1	12	4	11	14	22	11	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	49	31
Totals	9	10	100	101	117	130	288	284	26	15	10	12	20	24	12	9	2	5	584	590

*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.

TABLE No. 6

Infectious Disease Cases, 1957

Parochially Distributed

<i>Parish</i>	Dysentery	Enteric Fever	Erysipelas	Food Poisoning	Measles	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Paratyphoid Fever	Pneumonia	Polio- myelitis (paralytic)	Polio- myelitis (non-paralytic)	Puerperal Pyrexia	Scarlet Fever	* Tuberculosis	Whooping Cough	Totals
Annesley ..	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	6
Awsworth ..	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	2
Barton ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bestwood Park	7	—	1	—	44	—	—	—	1	—	—	3	4	1	61
Bradmore ..	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Brinsley ..	2	—	—	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	7	62
Bunny ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Burton Joyce	—	—	—	—	76	—	—	1	—	—	1	1	1	—	80
Calverton ..	21	—	—	6	159	—	—	—	1	—	3	11	2	12	215
Cossall ..	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	10
Costock ..	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
East Leake ..	—	—	1	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	11
Felley ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gotham ..	—	—	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	46
Greasley ..	8	—	—	—	104	—	—	5	3	—	—	1	4	6	131
Kimberley ..	—	—	1	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7	22	49
Kingston-upon-Soar	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Lambley ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lynby ..	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	4
Newstead ..	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	1	—	31
Normanton-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
Nuthall ..	5	—	1	—	39	—	—	—	1	—	—	10	4	13	73
Papplewick ..	2	—	—	—	5	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
Ratcliffe-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rempstone ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	4	—	—	5
Ruddington ..	—	—	—	—	83	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	4	91
Selston ..	72	—	2	3	136	—	—	3	—	—	1	6	5	8	236
Stanford-upon-Soar	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Stoke Bardolph	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Strelley ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sutton Bonington	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thorpe-in-the-Glebe	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thrumpton ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1
Trowell ..	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	3	1	22
West Leake ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Willoughby-on-the- Wolds ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Woodborough	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	6
Wysall	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
Totals	118	—	7	9	844	—	—	18	7	—	6	48	37	80	1174

*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.

Table No. 7

**Prevalence of Infectious Diseases during the
last ten years (*Confirmed Cases*)**

<i>Disease</i>	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1958
Cerebro-Spinal Fever ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Diphtheria ..	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery ..	—	—	13	32	—	9	28	6	30	118
Encephalitis Lethargica ..	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enteric Fever ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Erysipelas ..	8	11	4	12	13	10	9	7	6	7
Food Poisoning ..	—	1	14	5	1	5	2	14	6	9
Measles ..	496	579	184	1,119	418	640	213	808	69	844
Ophthalmia Neonatorum ..	—	1	2	—	1	2	3	2	2	—
Paratyphoid Fever	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	12	1	—
Pneumonia ..	29	37	32	73	32	32	17	19	15	18
Poliomyelitis ..	2	12	6	—	4	2	2	1	2	7
Poliomyelitis (non-paralytic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Puerperal Pyrexia or Fever ..	2	—	1	3	1	3	4	4	1	6
Scarlet Fever ..	181	114	63	53	59	92	72	25	70	48
Tuberculosis ..	27	54	52	47	49	44*	40*	27*	27*	37*
Whooping Cough	223	55	205	230	221	235	132	215	70	80
Totals ..	972	865	578	1,575	801	1,705	525	1,143	301	1,174

*New cases only — Inward Transfers not included.



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